

KidCode® Application Programming Interface (API)

This API defines the data and function calls that are used for communication between the KidCode Main Email program and installable components. Each installable component can be one of two types:

- mailbox browser/editor component
- message authoring/display component

KidCode Main Email application may communicate with another mail server such as an SMTP compliant server to retrieve and store email messages. Alternatively, the Email Main program may include code for many of the functions normally associated with a mail server program. Whether in conjunction with a mail server, or on its own, the Email Main program handles all functions associated with sending and receiving email messages. This includes reading and writing mailbox files to/from permanent storage or other mail servers on a network (e.g. using POP3), finding and verifying network addresses, and sending mail messages to other servers on a network.

The Main Email Program also provides a GUI that provides interaction with a user for those functions that are directly associated with storage and transfer of electronic mail messages and mailboxes. In particular, the Main Email program includes buttons and/or menu items that allow a user to:

- Send (a message),
- Reply (to a message),
- Open (a message or a mailbox),
- Delete/Trash (messages or mailboxes),
- Save (a message to an alternative mailbox)
- Print (a message)

The Main Email Program also handles all data bundling and unbundling that may be required to transform the message data used by a message authoring component into a fully MIME compliant message type. This way each message authoring component can handle data in a format most convenient to it and all MIME parsing and details associated with protocol compliance can be centralized in the Main Email application. The only requirement for the message data passed between a message authoring component and the Main Email Program is that the message body data be formatted either as an ASCII string or in a binhex format.

The KidCode Main Email program communicates with installable components in order to execute the commands defined above.

Mailbox browser/editor components

Mailbox components are used to display, edit, and browse mailboxes. Different kinds of users and different types of messaging applications (e.g. fax, traditional email, internet voice) may require very different displays and functionality from a mailbox viewer/editor. Installable mailbox components make it possible to upgrade, select from multiple viewing formats, utilize different mailbox viewer/editors for different users, and in general increase the range of functionality that can be achieved within one basic messaging application program.

Message authoring/display components

Message handler components make it possible to handle an unlimited number of message types. Each message handler component is designed to deal with a specific MIME type of message. The MIME data standard has been designed so that application developers can define new MIME types as needed by labeling these with the "/application-x" prefix. A message handler component can be any program that defines a message MIME type of data that it handles and that implements the callback entry points described in this document. These functions allow the Main Email application to obtain information about the message handler and allows the message handler to respond to standard mail commands such as Send

JC542 U.S. PTO
09/209162

Page 2

59 or Reply, that have been issued by a user through the Main Email interface. Example message
60 handler components included in the KidCode application are an ordinary ascii text message
61 handler, a game called Rebus that allows users to create and respond to graphical rebus
62 messages, an a sample mathematics workbook that allows students and a teacher to send
63 workbook problems to one another.

64

65

66 Global variable naming conventions:

67

68 Each movie should name its global variables with a prefix that identifies the movie and a
69 capital "G" for "global". We will keep track of each movie's prefix. For now we have the
70 following identifying prefixes:

71

component prefix	component	global variable prefix
em_	main movie	emG_
tm_	text movie	tmG_
rm_	rebus movie	rmG_
cm_	connect movie	cmG_
tgm_	text grid movie	tgmG_
pm_	puzzle movie	pmG_
mbx_	mailbox movie	mbxG_

72

Page 3

73 **Main Movie Public Data Types**

74

75 em_ComponentType symbol = #mailbox or #msgHandler

76

77 em_UserName string

78

79 em_UserData struct (

80 str UserName

81 str FullName

82 str ReturnAddress

83 em_AddressBook AddressBook

84 em_MailboxList Mailboxes

85 str SMTPHost

86 str POP3Host

87 str Password

88)

89

90 em_MailboxName string

91

92 em_Mailbox struct (

93 em_mailboxName boxName

94 list of emMailData

95)

96

97 em_RegisteredUsers list of em_UserName

98

99 em_MailData struct (

100 em_Address To

101 em_Address From

102 str Re

103 str Data

104 str MimeType

105 list MsgBody

106)

107

108 em_MessageNumber int

109

110 em_Mode symbol = #author or #display

111

112 em_ComponentInfo struct (

113 str ComponentName

114 int ComponentID

115 em_ComponentType ComponentType

116 str ComponentMIMEType ; nil if mailbox

117)

118

119

120

Page 4

Email Main API Functions

121
122 These functions are called by the installable components to access services provided in the
123 KidCode Main Email program.
124
125
126
127 *********
128 ****/**
129 **/* emh_getUserMailbox**
130 Return a mailbox data structure for the current user and mailbox name. This function is
131 normally called by a mailbox handling component. Mailbox handling components may use
132 temporary files to hold mailbox contents but they should never access the users mailbox files.
133 All access to these files must be obtained through the Main Email program.
134 ***/**
135
136 **em_Mailbox emh_getUserMailbox (**
137 **em_MailBoxName**
138 **)**
139
140
141 *********
142 ****/**
143 **/* emh_getUserData**
144 Return a data structure with user information. The KidCode Main Email program maintains
145 all user information and handles user administration functions. The Main program also
146 communicates with external Mail servers which may contain other user information not part
147 of the KidCode API.
148 ***/**
149
150 **em_UserData emh_getUserData (**
151 **em_UserName,**
152 **)**
153
154
155 *********
156 ****/**
157 **/* emh_continue**
158 Used by installable components to explicitly pass control back to the Main Email program.
159 This function is necessary for the Director/Lingo implementation.
160 ***/**
161
162 **void emh_continue (**
163 **em_ComponentType**
164 **)**
165
166

Page 5

```
167 ****
168 */
169 /* emh_killComponent
170 Used by an installable component to inform the Main Email program that it is preparing to
171 terminate. This allows the Main program to free any memory and/or data structures that have
172 been allocated to the component.
173 */
174
175 void emh_killComponent (
176 )
177
178
179 ****
180 */
181 /* emh_passMessage
182 Used primarily by mailbox components to pass a message to the Main program so that it can
183 be displayed by the appropriate message handling component. Email main takes the message
184 argument (em_MailData, looks up the Mimetype of the message, and invokes the appropriate
185 message handler to display the message.
186 */
187
188 void emh_passMessage (
189     em_MailData,
190     em_MessageNumber
191 )
192
193
194 ****
195 */
196 /* emh_getMessage
197 Returns the message (em_MailData) with Number MessageNumber from the MailboxName
198 of the current user. Can be used by installable components to retrieve specific messages from
199 the user's mailboxes.
200
201 If this is called with the messageNumber set to 0, email main assume the typeOrBoxName
202 argument is a mimetype and returns a new message structure. Message handling components
203 should call emh_getMessage with the number set to 0 and the mimetype whenever a new
204 message is started. Normally this should be done whenever an active message is trashed.
205 */
206
207 em_MailData emh_getMessage (
208     em_MessageNumber
209     str     typeOrBoxName
210 )
211
212
```

Page 6

```
213 ****
214 */
215 /* emh_getRegisteredUsers
216 Returns a list of usernames for the users that are registered with the KidCode system, i.e. that
217 have been added as users by the User Adminstration part of the Main Email Program. This is
218 the same list of users that appear in the logon listbox when the program is started up. It may
219 be used by installable components to create listboxes for filling address fields in messages or
220 for checking on whether a particular address is external to the system.
221 */
222
223 em_RegisteredUsers emh_getRegisteredUsers (
224 )
225
226
227 ****
228 */
229 /* emh_sendMessage
230 Email Main sends the message argument (em_MailData) by either forwarding to an external
231 mail server or, if it is a registered KidCode user, writing the message to the user's incoming
232 mail mailbox.
233 */
234
235 void emh_sendMessage (
236     em_MailData
237 )
238
239
240
241 ****
242 */
243 /* emh_saveMessage
244 Email Main saves the message argument (em_MailData) for the currently logged on user by
245 writing the message to the user's "notes in progress" mail mailbox.
246 */
247
248 void emh_saveMessage (
249     em_MailData
250 )
251
252
253
```

Page 7

```
254 ****
255 */
256 /* emh_disableButton
257 It is recommended that this function be used carefully. Normally Email Main controls the
258 state of all the buttons available to users to access message handling of the main program (i.e.
259 buttons in the purple left hand panel). This function can be used to request that Email Main
260 disable the button specified by the argument, ButtonName. If the button is disabled - whether
261 it was already disabled or is disabled as a result of the function call - the function will return
262 TRUE, otherwise it will return FALSE. The calling component should check on whether the
263 function call succeeded and proceed accordingly.
264 */
265
266 em_ReturnValue emh_disableButton (
267     str          ButtonName
268 )
269
270
271
272 ****
273 */
274 /* emh_enableButton
275 It is recommended that this function be used carefully. Normally Email Main controls the
276 state of all the buttons available to users to access message handling of the main program (i.e.
277 buttons in the purple left hand panel). This function can be used to request that Email Main
278 enable the button specified by the argument, ButtonName. If the button is enabled - whether
279 it was already disabled or is disabled as a result of the function call - the function will return
280 TRUE, otherwise it will return FALSE. The calling component should check on whether the
281 function call succeeded and proceed accordingly.
282 */
283
284 em_ReturnValue emh_enableButton (
285     str          ButtonName
286 )
287
```

Page 8

288 **API Functions Required Implementation of all Component Types**

289
290
291 *****
292 **/
293 /* emc_startMeUp
294 Used by Email Main to tell an installable component to start. This function will execute prior
295 to initialization of the component's data structures. Which should only be initialized after the
296 component receives the emc_initWindow call from Email Main.
297 This function is necessary for the Director/Lingo implementation.
298 */
299
300 em_ReturnValue emc_startMeUp (
301)
302
303
304 *****
305 **/
306 /* emc_initWindow
307 Used by Email Main to tell an installable component to initialize it's data structures and
308 prepare its graphical display. The component is passed the username of the current user. If
309 it requires additional user information in order to initialize, it can call emh_getUserInfo
310 within it's implementation of this function.
311 */
312
313 em_ReturnValue emc_initWindow (
314 em_UserName
315)
316
317
318 *****
319 **/
320 /* emc_closeWindow
321 Used by Email Main to tell an installable component to free all memory that it has used, close
322 it's window, and shut down.
323 */
324
325 em_ReturnValue emc_closeWindow (
326)
327
328
329 *****
330 **/
331 /* emc_getComponentInfo
332 Used by Email Main to get required information such as componentName, componentID, etc.
333 from the installable component.
334 */
335
336 em_ComponentInfo emc_getComponentInfo (
337)
338
339
340 **API Functions required of a Mailbox Handler Component**
341
342
343 *****
344 **/
345 /* mbx_getMessageNumbers

Page 9

```
346 Used by Email Main to get the message number of the currently selected message in the
347 mailbox browser. If no message is selected, the list should be empty.
348 */
349
350 list of int mbx_getMessageNumbers (
351 )
352
353
354 /***** */
355 */
356 /* mbx_getMessage
357 Used by Email Main to get the message data structure of the message with
358 em_MessageNumber from the mailbox currently displayed in the mailbox browser. If the
359 function fails, e.g. if there is no message with the given message number, the function returns
360 an empty list.
361 */
362
363 em_MailData mbx_getMessage (
364     em_MessageNumber
365 )
366
367
368 /***** */
369 */
370 /* mbx_trashMessages
371 Used by Email Main to tell the mailbox component to update it's display and it's data
372 structures to delete messages with messageNumbers in the argument list. If the function fails,
373 e.g. if one of the message numbers is invalid, the function returns FALSE, otherwise it returns
374 TRUE. This function should be implemented so that it does not perform partial deletes, i.e.
375 either it succeeds in deleting all of the messages in the list or it should not delete any message.
376 */
377
378 em_ReturnValue mbx_trashMessages (
379     list of em_MessageNumber
380 )
381
```

Page 10

```
382 ****
383 */
384 /* mbx_openMailbox
385 Used by Email Main to tell the mailbox component to display the mailbox passed in the
386 argument.
387 */
388
389 em_ReturnValue mbx_openMailbox (
390     em_Mailbox
391 )
392
393
```

394 Functions required of a Message Handler Component

395

396

397 ****

398 **/

399 /* msh_sendMessage

400 Used by Email Main to tell a message handling component to pass back a fully completed
401 message data structure so that it can be sent to the recipient specified in the message's address
402 field. The message handling component should update it's display as appropriate for a
403 message that has been sent. It should also change it's state to #display mode because a
404 message that has already been sent should not be editable. If the function fails, e.g. if a fully
405 completed message cannot be constructed (for example, if the user has not specified a
406 message recipient), the function returns an empty list.

407

408 The message handling component will normally control all dialogs with a user that pertain to
409 the message under construction. For example to alert the user to the fact that a message
410 recipient is required. However, if the message handling component fails to pass back a
411 properly formatted, completed message data structure, (or an empty list acknowledging
412 failure) Email Main will detect the error and alert the user about the field or fields that have
413 not been specified.

414 */

415

416 em_MailData msh_sendMessage (

417)

418

419

420 ****

421 **/

422 /* msh_openMessage

423 Used by Email Main to pass a message data structure to a message handling component so
424 that it can be displayed. The message handling component should display the message in the
425 specified mode - either #author or #display. If the em_Mode argument is #display the
426 message should not be editable. Otherwise the message should be opened so that it can be
427 edited.

428

429 If the function fails, e.g. if an error is detected in the message body, the message handler
430 returns FALSE, otherwise the message handler returns TRUE.

431 */

432

433 em_ReturnValue msh_openMessage (

434 em_MailData

435 em_Mode

436)

437

438

439

440

441 ****

442 **/

443 /* msh_replyMessage

444 Used by Email Main to inform a message handling component to display the currently active
445 message for editing as a reply. In order to reply the message handing component will
446 generally create a new message with the mode set to #author. The new message body may
447 contain material from the original message that is being replied to. In addition, message
448 handling components that handle different player roles may enable or disable various role
449 specific tools at this time. For example, the Rebus message handler will change the
450 RebusState of the new message and enable guessboxes as appropriate.

451

Page 12

452 If the function fails, e.g. if an error is detected in the message body, the message handler
453 returns FALSE, otherwise the message handler returns TRUE.
454 */
455
456 em_ReturnValue msh_replyMessage (
457)
458
459
460 /*****
461 **/
462 /* msh_clearMessage
463 Used by Email Main to inform a message handling component that the current message
464 should be cleared from the display and from the message handling component's data
465 structures. This function is used, for example, when the user indicates they want to trash the
466 current message by clicking on the "trash" button in the Email Main purple panel.
467
468 If the function fails, the message handler returns FALSE. Otherwise the message handler
469 returns TRUE.
470 */
471
472 em_ReturnValue msh_clearMessage (
473)
474
475

Page 13

```
476 ****
477 */
478 /* msh_printMessage
479 Used by Email Main to inform a message handling component that a message should be
480 printed. This function is used, for example, when the user indicates they want to print the
481 current message by clicking on the "print" button in the Email Main purple panel.
482 When the argument, em_mailData, is an empty list, the message handler component should
483 print the currently active message. Otherwise the message handler component should print
484 the message argument. Normally, if the message handler component has been fully
485 initialized and is displayed in a window, Email Main will call this function with an empty list
486 for an argument.
487
488 The function may also be used by the Main Email program to have a message handler print a
489 message even though the message handler component has not been fully initialized and
490 displayed in a window. For example, this will occur if an active mailbox component receives
491 a print request from Email Main for a message that has been selected in the mailbox browser.
492 In this case, Email Main will send a request to the appropriate message handler component to
493 print the message without fully starting it up and initializing its window. Therefore the
494 message handler should implement the msh_printMessage function so that the following
495 sequence of function calls succeeds - emc_startMeUp, msh_printMessage(message).
496
497 If the function fails, the message handler returns FALSE. Otherwise the message handler
498 returns TRUE.
499 */
500
501 em ReturnValue msh_printMessage (
502     em_MailData
503 )
504
505
```